Tucatan, Hidalgo and the state of Mex-

ico were changed. As to the overtures for peace which it is reported were made in conferences in New York between Francisco Madero. Senor Limantour, Dr. Gomez asserted that as the two men were' friends it was only natural that they should discuss peace measures, but fluenced by unofficial and informal over tures was another question. It was acknowledged, however, that Senor Limanteur became fully advised of the contentions of the revolutionists while in New York, and will be able to present to President Diaz a clear exposition of their demands. To that extent alone would the revolutionists admit that peace nego tiations were under way

De Soto, Mo., March 16 .- Sener Limantour and a party of seven, including Senora Limantour, are on the Iron Moun tain train which left St. Louis at 8:30 o'clock to-night.

St. Louis, March 16 .- José Yves Limantour, Mexican Minister of Finance, was net in the private car Hidaigo, of the National Railway of Mexico, attached to a Pennsylvania train, when it arrived here to-night, according to some of the A man who said he was Arturo La Madrid, a Mexican merchant, declared the car was his, and that he went to New York in it three days ago. La Madrid said the car was occupied by himself, a friend and servants. No man who looks like Limantour was seen. secretary rather than a merchant. Flowers for Mrs. Limantour from local Mexican friends were refused by La

### NEUTRALITY LAW IN WAY Shipments of Arms to Mexico May Not Be Wholly Stopped.

Washington, March 16 .- Careful study of tion's advisers doubting gravely if the said. United Sates can entirely prevent the shipment of arms and ammunition to the Mexican insurgents. The view of the law taken by the Department of Justice and its study of precedents seem to bear out the centention of the administration officials that the government can control shipments of arms in a measure, dealing with each case ac-

gave an opinion to the State Department resale or shipment of arms and muni- able only to suggest a pla tions of war by persons in the United States ternational law, however strong a suspicion dero

no offence against the neutrality

were to be used for war or not, and that it was asked. was not an offence to transport persons intending to enlist in a foreign army and mu- never would be elected on a free ballot however, made the fine distinction that it nitions of war on the same trip. would have been a violation of law if the nersons intending to enlist and the mus tions of war being transported were parts of sat on foot in this country

fast line separating commercial trans, would lessen the dignity of their couractions in munitions of war and the ortry. Mediation by the United States crossing. The maurgents have plan
actions in munitions of war and the organizing of hostile expeditions. Interwould be considered a lessening of digThe reletate by the Mexican government. national law is incapable of being defined nity. It also would be necessary for the of the three American boys who were re-

eral he was acked if the law prohibited the Our attitude in this is that the relative exportation of arms and ammunition to positions must be unchanged." Chins, where there was unrest. Mr. Knox | Ganza, who acted here in connection of General Blanco's troops only a short time before had decided there with Braulio Hernandez, insurgent Secwas no absolute embarge on the shipment retary of State of Chihushua, to-night Mexican foot soluters are unable to over of mules to South Africa for use in the outlined the demands of Madero, as fold take them. The campaign against Agua possis made no provision for small nations.

"The mere shipment or expertation of lows: erms in the way of commerce to a country in which there are insurrectory movements does not seem to be prohibited by our statutes, nor by the law of nations, in the direction of restricting shipments of arms and warlike materials to China." One case bearing on the Mexican situa-

tion is that of the United States against governors of states. Thanez, charged with forming an exand purpose of the expedition was some attack on or invasion of another people or country by a military force. It was also held that the mere fact that men armed with rifles had crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico would not be sufficient in itself tile intent, but proof must be furnished of destination was. The court made plain, would not consent to the resumption of however, that if any number of men in telegraph service and the repairing of Mexico they would violate the neutrality

dered, it is understood that the Depart- REFORMS BELIEVED CERTAIN ment of Justice, drawing its conclusion from the decisions of the courts and the Apparently unanimous opinions of the dethat there is no general law to prohibit the shipment of arms to the insurgents and that this is practically the view of the administration.

# MORE MILITIA OFFICERS ACCEPT

Total of 3,180 New Desire to Go to Mexican Border.

lington, March 16.-With the District of Columbia, Kentucky and Wyoming still to be heard from, 3.189 officers of the organized militia have accepted the War Department's invitation to take part in the military operations on the Mexican bor-This number was reached to-day by the receipt of replies from Pennsylvania,

which offered 408 officers, and from Utah, which named three.

The War Department to-day communicated by telegraph with General Carter, at San Antonio, and General Bliss, at San Diego, asking for definite information as to how many militia officers can be accommodated by their communication is received the department will call on the adjustants general to select the officers first to be sent to the "front."

### AN AMERICAN DOCTOR KILLED Tules, Okla., March 16.-According to a

message received te-day from Dr. 1 J. Rush, surgeon general in the insurgent ermy in Mexico. La. J. W. Wilson, formerly of Tuiss, was killed in the assault on Casas Grandes, Mexico, on March 6.

The federals tipper neither the Red Cross nor any civilize thing," says the medical supply department of the medical in Man Mark the university was created the medical formulation of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government, and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government, and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government, and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government, and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government, and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and is department of the United States severement in New York to the Philippine government and the Philippine government in New York to the United States severement in New York to the United Stat

# INSURGENTS ISSUE

New Election of President Must Precede Negotiations for Peace.

A REPLY TO LIMANTOUR

Madero Demands Many Political Reforms and Says His Followers Must Keep Their Arms -No Mediation.

egetiations for a termination of the Mexican insurrection will be entered into agree to declare null his election of 1910 election under the terms for a free ballot allowed by the constitution of 1857. He must Parmalee and Lieutenant Foulois in a agree to grant all the political reforms Wright biplane. The distance covered was heartier friends of such a policy than

This is the reply of Gonzales Garza, in- and General Carter's division here there surgent Secretary of State, to the state. was a hypothetical enemy, controlling ment from New York that Senor Liman- every means of communication except the tour, Mexican Minister of Finance, had air. formulated tentative plans for ending Lieutenant Foulois took a message from the insurrection. In effect, it is the re- General Carter to Leon Springs. He went mobilizing in favor of Sir Edward Grey's ply of Francisco I. Madere, the revo-

whatever negotiations have been carried reply in code was prepared. representing the will of the insurgents. the neutrality laws has left the administra- until he has given his consent, Garza

eral Orozco and 800 men. Whether his day he rented an old cetton compress. It

cording to the circumstances, but that there authorized to conclude any armistice." is no general statute which flatly forbids said Garza. "He holds his authority begarding shipment of arms to the Cuban gent representative at Washington, or a

te persons in Cuba is not a violation of in- we now recognize is Francisco I. Ma-

# Would Reject Mediation.

the same military expedition planned and selected to conduct terms would have to General Sanchez has asked General Luque In his opinion Chief Justice Fuller said: be citizens of Mexico. The insurgents to permit the wemen and children in On-"It is impossible to lay down any hard and would not want to do anything that naga to cross the Rio Grande in the Ameri-

"Election of the governors in a state, instead of by federal appointment. "Curtailment of the powers of tale vote instead of by appointment by the

"Reform of the land laws, ats to the people.

"Free ballots in all elections and presconstitution.

"Extension of the school system." Garza's assertion that "the relative ratiroads in Chihuahua and Sonora dur-

ing the proceedings

Limantour, It Is Said, Expects Peace as Result Soon.

is now said that one of the reasons

ernoon is that he succeeded in effecting a into robbers and assassins and abusers of tentative plan by which substantial reforms | women. are expected to be put in force immediately his government, so that, the leading inwill come about.

father of the young Madero brothers, who and that nobody was captured. is here with them, crilled on Senor Limantour during the minister's stay in New co Northwestern Railroad, who arrived here York and also that the minister received to-day, reported that road cut to pieces from several long messages from his govern- Juarez to its southern terminus at Pearson, ment. Another fact that led to this under- He saw many insurgents heading south, standing is that President Diaz has con- but did not see Madero's army marching ferred with a number of citizens in Metz- north toward Juarez, as reported, and does titian and assured them that he was adopt- not believe it is coming or certain of Limantour's suggestions of

ould not be perfected without the co-oper- American newspaper concerning the insuration of the leaders in the field. They expressed their distrust of the Mexican govpressed their distrust of the Mexican govwas arrested at Chadad Porfirio Diaz, across
was arrested at Chadad Porfirio Diaz, across ernment, and said that it would be impos- the Rio Grande from this city. The charge sible for the insurrectionists to lay down in carrying messages between insurgents in their arms before receiving terms of peace, the United States and Mexico. as this might give the government an op-

revolution

"What the insurrector want," they said is radical reform. There must be a thorough change in the administration and fair elections. The insurrector will not accept or ertures so quickly as to lead the government to conclude that they are weak-insed."

"The made at annuly department of the grain status of the Episcopal eatherment."

THIRTY-SEVEN DIE IN FIGHT. BALFOUR FOR TAFT PLAN Insurgents Trap Federals in

Canyon Near Saltillo. Laredo, Tex., March 16.-According to matien received here to-night, thirty ederal seldiers and seven municipal guards Saltille were killed Sunday afternoon in brush with rebels near the town of Arte-

The insurgent loss is not known. The fight occurred in a canyon ten miles outh of Ealtillo. It was between the 8th Battailon of troops and the municipal pounder Dr. Pena, of Saltillo. The insurgents were hidden in the canyon, and when the soldiers and police entered to dislodge them he insurgents opened fire from three sides, killing thirty-seven and putting the others

# SCOUTING WITH AEROPLANES Successful Flight Begins Manœu-

vres at San Antonio. San Antonio, Tex., March 16 .-- A succes ful aeroplane manouvre, wigwagging, the heliographing, camp platting and other a tivities attracted crowds to the camp to

The feature of the day was the flight of fifty-six miles, in 73 minutes, at an altitude the Unionist party required to surrender their arms until varying from 1,000 to 1,800 feet. Major George O. Squier, commanding the signal corps, went to Leon Springs. Between him

height constructively safe. On returning, Half an hour was spent in the camp of the Garza has been in communication with constructively isolated division, while Gen-Madero and has acquainted Madero with eral Carter's orders were deciphered and a

entoons. Four thousand maps of Mexico, a week or two. ceived, will be sent from Washington, and he Southern Pacific is holding 900 freight sidings near camp These facts furnished food for Madero is about 100 miles south of El Quartermaster General McCarthy is

## BOTTLED UP IN OJINAGA Insurgents Capture Ford Using Wild Horses.

soldiers were killed and one was

crossing. The insurgents have planted

# The reletase by the Mexican government

Douglas, Ariz., March 16. The main body Frietz seems to have failed. Captain Valencia, of Chihualina,

ame into Douglas to day and took a train for the purpose of coercing others who or El Pass. He informed a friend here would not submit to arbitration. that he was disgusted with Manco and in-tended going to El Pase and getting into now crushed under the hoof of great that he was disgusted with Manco and inpears to be nothing this department can do politicos, or mayors, of cities, and pro- touch with Madero to inform him of the empires." vision for their rejection by popular situation. Americans believe that the rebel Egypt asked for arbitration against British through Laredo this afternoon for Mexico cause has been damaged beyond repair occupation, or Persia against the Angloalong the Arizona line.

pedition in the United States to invade plantations, new as extensive as from Pacific officials to day waited to see if the ments, even if it were possible to nego one million to ten million acres, may be Mexican insurgents would make good their tiate it. viction it must be proved that the design divided and distributed, or sold in small threat to blow up all bridges on the rail- An effort roads entering their country. Business in views of the Japanese government on the State of Chihuahua already has been President Taft's suggestion, but Sir Edervation of individual rights under the greatly curtailed and food supplies are ward Grey declined to reveal them. The complete rupture of comconjection from this side would be disas- ernment at Tokio had been made awa

Mexico City, March 16 .- An unconfirmed answer on the table of the House on the what they were doing and where their taken to indicate that the insurgents toport of the ambushing by two hundred ground that to do so would be premature obels of fifty men of the 27th Battalion at | It is stated that the Unionist leaders have El Redeo ranch, near Hermozilla, Sonora, been unable to agree on the details of a bill was published to day in "El Pais." The for the reform of the House of Lords and federal commander, Lieutenant Colonel Luis that Lord Lansdewne is likely to drop the Anguino, and twenty-one of his men were scheme. reported killed, and the remainder of the ommand, including seventeen wounded, made prisoners.

A circular appeared to-day purporting to he signed by Pasquai Orozco, leader of a tebel force, announcing his retirement from the revolutionary movement. To all his friends in particular, and to revolutionists ter of Finance, left New York so hurrledly in general, he declared, the circular said, for the City of Mexico on Wednesday af- that the revolutionists had been converted

surrectionists thus being satisfied, neace borel, military commander of Juarez, said tims morning that the bomb thrown into the What gives rise to this belief is that the military barracks last night did no damage

The Maderon said yesterday that terms was translating dispatches printed in an

portunity to execute the leaders of the HEAD OF PHILIPPINE UNIVERSITY.

Cheers Greet Indorsement of Sir Edward Grey's Arbitration Policy

DEMAND FOR MASS MEETING

lice of Saltillo and a band of insurgents Popular Feeling Likely to Ex press Itself in Great Demon. stration in Near Future.

> [By Cable to The Tribune.] London, March 17 .- A remarkable inci-

It is not often that a party leader in the House of Commons secures the plaudits of his political opponents, but Mr. Balfour never has been acclaimed by those who disagree with him on most

English public opinion is rapidly in a straight line over the "enemy," at a policy in support of President Taft's sugwas made at 1,000 feet altitude. tween the United States and Great Britain, and already there is a demand The engineer corps is busily calking leaky met by the Free Church Council within

London, March 17 .- Mr. Balfour's speech

The notion of the United States and Great and restored it to Mrs. Star between Great Britain and the United Man Who Stopped a Runaway

tion proposals in the House of Commons broken arm and a broken rib. came from John Dillon, member for East | A horse attached to a wagon took

retreating | against other powers He gravely doubted whether this would be found to be of advantage. The proalities struggling against injustice or seek oined Blanco on Tuesday with 39 rebels, empires, which were invited to combine

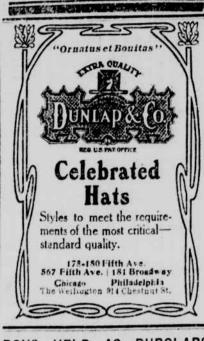
Russian agreement He was extremely skeptical of the im-

San Antonio, Tox., March 16. Southern mediate effect of such a treaty on arma

of the British government's views on the subject, but he refused to lay Japan

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As delightful as a beverage as it is useful as a remedy for Stomach, Kidney, and Uric Acid Complaints



## BOYS HELD AS BURGLARS Three Reveal Hiding Place of \$2,000 Worth of Jewelry.

arrested last night by the police of the

# SAVED CHILDREN: MAY DIE

Horse Crushed Himself.

clved in hostilities with Japan, it could ern District Hospital from injuries rewhich greeted Sir Edward Grev's arbitra- day. Johnson has a fractured skull, a

national law is incapable of being defined and laid down with the precision attainship by municipal law. The question is one of Intent. and it is the duty of a neutral povernment to exercise due difference in ascertaining what the real charence is as a gigantle red herring most successfully drawn across the path of discussion of the ferries, was directly in have been captured by Mexican government to guarantee equality to both sides. If the peace plans failed the insurgents would want to take up arms again, and be as strong as they now are. It is not unlikely that Diaze would want us to surrender our arms.

BLANCO IN RETREAT

Insurgent Cause Damaged Along

When Secretary Knox was Attorney Gen.

Arisona developed fir Edwards espected from Mayo, who described fire depends on American boys who were removed to have been captured by Mexican government to guarantee equality to both sides. If the peace plans factoried by Mexican government to guarantee equality to both sides. If the peace plans factoried by Mexican government to guarantee equality to both sides. If the peace plans factoried by Mexican government to guarantee equality as a gigantic red herring most successfully drawn across the path of discussion of the friend John Mexican government to guarantee equality as a gigantic red herring most successfully drawn across the path of discussion of the freed for the fired for the form John Dillon, member for the deact A peace of the Grand Trade in the fired for the fired for the fensive, defensive and overcive alliance leaped to its head. The weight of his against other powers for the children and paraders to escape, but Johnson was dragged a block, to

trampling Johnson into unconsciousness continued its mad gallop until it was stopped at Union avenue and Grand

WILSON RETURNING TO MEXICO. Laredo, Tex., March 16.-Henry Lane Wilson, Ambassador to Mexico, passed

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# Be on Your Guard!

On Monday a printer who desires to use the popularity of the TRIBUNE Proverb Contest for the benefit of his pockets placed on sale with the newsdealers a book, size 4½ x 6½, whose green cover bears the title, "3,000 English Proverbs—Contains all proverbs used in NEW-YORK TRIBUNE'S Great Proverb Contest."

Any honorable person knows how to designate such an action. To protect participants in the contest, THE TRIBUNE again emphasizes the statement that THE TRIBUNE "Book of English Proverbs," which will be the final authority in this contest, is for sale only at THE TRIBUNE'S MAIN OFFICE, 154 NASSAU ST., its Up. town Office, 1364 Broadway, or by mail. THE TRIBUNE Book is 4 x 8% inches in size and has a brown cover. At the top of the first page of proverbs is a fac-simile of THE NEW-YORK TRIB. UNE heading-which for good reasons the imitator did NOT use in his green covered booklet.

REMEMBER-The Only Genuine TRIBUNE Proverb Book can be purchased only at the TRIB. UNE office, or by mail.

FRIDAY, MARCH 17.

# \$12,000 IN PRIZES The New-York Tribune's Proverb Contest NO. 19 PICTURE Represents the Following Proverb:

City or Town and State.....

What Well-Known English Proverb Does This Picture Represent?



New-York Tribune's Proverb Picture No. 13 Another Proverb Problem in To-morrow's Tribun

# RULES GOVERNING THE CONTEST

1. THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE'S THE CONTEST MANAGER, THE PROVERE CONTEST is open to all NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. NEW YORK TRIBUNE and members of their fam-TRIBUNE and members of their families. If you are not a regular reader of THE TRIBUNE (Dally and Sunday), you can become one and enter the contest at any time.

2. Each picture represents a well known English proverb. Contestants must indicate the proverb each picture represents upon the blank provided therefor. Blanks may be filled out in any legible manner, pencil, pen and ink or typewriter.

3. If you are not certain of the proverb the picture represents and department of the proverb the picture represents and decrease.

5. The time of receiving answers will have no effect upon awarding of the prizes, with this exception: All the were must be in the lands of the last picture has appeared.

7. The prizes will be awarded to represent and decrease of sixty-three (63) Provided the proverby the picture represents and decrease of the last picture has appeared.

8. In the event of a tie between the proverby the picture represents and decrease of the prizes with this exception: All the were must be in the last picture has appeared.

7. The prize of the proverby the picture and the last picture has appeared.

8. In the event of a tie between the proverby the picture represents and the prizes with this exception: All the prizes, with this exception: All th

any legible manner, pencil, pen and ink or typewriter.

3. If you are not certain of the proverb the picture, represents and desire to send more than one answer to the same picture, you may do so—but not more than three hundred and fifteen (315) answers may be submitted in a complete set. That is—contestants will be allowed to send in no more than five answers to cach picture.

4. Incorrect answers will not count against contestants if the correct answer is also given Only one answers should be written upon the same blank. Extra blanks should be used for additional snawers—and all answers to the same number should be kept together in making up the set.

5. HOLD ALL ANSWERS UNTIL AFTER LAST PICTURE HAS APPEARED, then arrange your answers in numerical order, fastening them securely together, and deliver or mail them in a peat flat package (not folded or reflied, scaled, and, if mailled, with pestage fully paid, plainly addressed to

# You May Enter the Contest To-day

Back numbers of the Proverb Fictures and their answer-blanks may be used at the Tribune office, 154 Nassau street, New York City, or by mail orders of one to six numbers, to be sent by mail, contestants must inclean to cover postage. Address orders to PROVERB CONTEST MAIL.